

PT® 221L

Revision date: 2015/03/23 Page: 1/14
Version: 5.0 (59011783/SDS_CPA_US/EN)

1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

PT® 221L

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

Recommended use*: insecticide

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

BASF CORPORATION 100 Park Avenue Florham Park, NJ 07932, USA

Telephone: +1 973 245-6000

Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

BASF HOTLINE: 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

Registrant:

Whitmire Micro-Gen Research Laboratories, Inc.

3568 Tree Court Industrial Blvd.

St. Louis, MO 63122

Other means of identification

Substance number: 397433 EPA Register number: 499-473

Synonyms: lambda-Cyhalothrin

2. Hazards Identification

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Classification of the product

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard Skin Corr./Irrit. 2 Skin corrosion/irritation

^{*} The "Recommended use" identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a Federal requirement and is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

PT® 221L

Revision date : 2015/03/23 Page: 2/14 Version: 5.0 (59011783/SDS_CPA_US/EN)

STOT SE 3 (Vapours may cause Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure

drowsiness and

dizziness.)

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

Flam. Aerosol 1 Flammable aerosols

Label elements

Pictogram:



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement:

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P264 Wash with plenty of water and soap thoroughly after handling.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

doctor/physician.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P303 + P352 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P391 Collect spillage.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Precautionary Statements (Storage):

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/

122°F.

P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501 Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection

point.

PT® 221L

Revision date: 2015/03/23 Page: 3/14 Version: 5.0 (59011783/SDS CPA US/EN)

Hazards not otherwise classified

Labeling of special preparations (GHS):

The following percentage of the mixture consists of components(s) with unknown hazards regarding the acute toxicity: 0 - 1 % dermal

The following percentage of the mixture consists of components(s) with unknown hazards regarding the acute toxicity: 0 - 1 % oral

The following percentage of the mixture consists of components(s) with unknown hazards regarding the acute toxicity: 3 - 4 % Inhalation - vapour

The following percentage of the mixture consists of components(s) with unknown hazards regarding the acute toxicity: 3 - 4 % Inhalation - mist

According to Regulation 1994 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Emergency overview

CAUTION:

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS.

HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.

Moderately irritating to the eyes.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Flammable Liquid

Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

CAS Number	Content (W/W)	Chemical name
91465-08-6	0.05 %	Lambda-Cyhalothrin
67-63-0	10.0 - 15.0 %	2-Propanol
64742-47-8	75.0 - 100.0 %	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light
	3.0 - 5.0 %	Carbon dioxide, liquid

According to Regulation 1994 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

CAS Number	Content (W/W)	Chemical name
91465-08-6	0.05 %	Lambda-Cyhalothrin
64742-47-8	> 10.0 %	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light
67-63-0		2-Propanol
124-38-9		carbon dioxide
	<= 89.95 %	Proprietary ingredients

4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice:

First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

PT® 221L

Revision date: 2015/03/23 Page: 4/14 Version: 5.0 (59011783/SDS_CPA_US/EN)

If inhaled:

Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air, seek medical attention.

If on skin:

Immediately wash thoroughly with soap and water, seek medical attention.

If in eyes:

Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.

If swallowed:

Immediately rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting due to aspiration hazard.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11., Further important symptoms and effects are so far not known. Hazards: Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia due to the ingredients.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physician

Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no

known specific antidote.

Treatment: Aspiration of this product during induced emesis can result in lung

injury. If evacuation of stomach contents is considered necessary, use method least likely to cause aspiration, such as gastric lavage after endotracheal intubation. Chlormequat chloride is a weak ganglionic

stimulant with with an action similar to that of nicotine.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards during fire-fighting:

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, Hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, halogenated hydrocarbons, acid halides, nitrogen oxides

The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of fire. Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure. Risk of explosion at excessive temperatures.

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, Hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, halogenated hydrocarbons, nitrogen oxides

The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of fire. Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure.

Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

PT® 221L

Revision date: 2015/03/23 Page: 5/14 Version: 5.0 (59011783/SDS CPA US/EN)

Further information:

Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Take appropriate protective measures. Clear area. Shut off source of leak only under safe conditions. Extinguish sources of ignition nearby and downwind. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into the subsoil/soil. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. A spill of or in excess of the reportable quantity requires notification to state, local and national emergency authorities.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dike spillage. Pick up with suitable absorbent material. Spilled substance/product should be recovered and applied according to label rates whenever possible. If application of spilled substance/product is not possible, then spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal. After decontamination, spill area can be washed with water. Collect wash water for approved disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

RECOMMENDATIONS ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS. PESTICIDE APPLICATORS & WORKERS must refer to the Product Label and Directions for Use attached to the product. Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container tightly sealed. Protect against heat. Handle and open container with care. Do not open until ready to use. Once container is opened, content should be used as soon as possible. Provide means for controlling leaks and spills. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. The substance/product may be handled only by appropriately trained personnel. Avoid all direct contact with the substance/product. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid inhalation of dusts/mists/vapours. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Protection against fire and explosion:

Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure. The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Fire extinguishers should be kept handy. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid extreme heat. Ground all transfer equipment properly to prevent electrostatic discharge. Electrostatic discharge may cause ignition.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Segregate from incompatible substances. Segregate from foods and animal feeds. Segregate from textiles and similar materials.

Further information on storage conditions: Protect containers from physical damage. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame.

Storage stability:

May be kept indefinitely if stored properly.

PT® 221L

Revision date: 2015/03/23 Page: 6/14 Version: 5.0 (59011783/SDS CPA US/EN)

If an expiry date is mentioned on the packaging/label this takes priority over the statements on storage duration in this safety data sheet.

Protect from temperatures above: 130 °F

Explosive at or above indicated temperature.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Users of a pesticidal product should refer to the product label for personal protective equipment requirements.

Components with occupational exposure limits

2-Propanol OSHA PEL PEL 400 ppm 980 mg/m3 ; STEL value 500

ppm 1,225 mg/m3 ; TWA value 400 ppm 980

mg/m3;

ACGIH TLV TWA value 200 ppm; STEL value 400 ppm;

carbon dioxide OSHA PEL PEL 5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m3 ; TWA value

10,000 ppm 18,000 mg/m3; STEL value

30,000 ppm 54,000 mg/m3 ;

ACGIH TLV TWA value 5,000 ppm; STEL value 30,000

ppm ;

Distillates (petroleum),

hydrotreated light ACGIH TLV TWA value 200 mg/m3 Non-aerosol (total

hydrocarbon vapor);

Application restricted to conditions in which there

are negligible aerosol exposures. Skin Designation Non-aerosol (total

hydrocarbon vapor);

The substance can be absorbed through the skin.

Advice on system design:

Whenever possible, engineering controls should be used to minimize the need for personal protective equipment.

Personal protective equipment

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS:

Respiratory protection:

Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) organic vapour/particulate respirator. For situations where the airborne concentrations may exceed the level for which an air purifying respirator is effective, or where the levels are unknown or Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH), use NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with escape provisions.

Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves, Protective glove selection must be based on the user's assessment of the workplace hazards.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with side-shields. Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles). Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists.

PT® 221L

Revision date: 2015/03/23 Page: 7/14 Version: 5.0 (59011783/SDS_CPA_US/EN)

Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. head protection, apron, protective boots, chemical-protection suit.

General safety and hygiene measures:

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS Wear long sleeved work shirt and long work pants in addition to other stated personal protective equipment. Work place should be equipped with a shower and an eye wash. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Personal protective equipment should be decontaminated prior to reuse. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks). Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Store work clothing separately. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. No eating, drinking, smoking or tobacco use at the place of work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form: aerosol Odour: characteristic

Odour threshold: Not determined due to potential health

hazard by inhalation.

(Tag closed cup)

Colour: clear

pH value: approx. 9.5 - (25 °C)

11.5

pour point: approx. -50 °C Information applies to the solvent.

Boiling point: approx. 193 - Information applies to the solvent.

245 °C

no flashback

Flash point: approx. 18 °C

Flammability: Highly

flammable.

Flammability of Aerosol > 18 in (ASTM D 3065

Products:

NFPA 30B flammability:

Level 3 Aerosol

Lower explosion limit: As a result of our experience with this

product and our knowledge of its

composition we do not expect any hazard

as long as the product is used

appropriately and in accordance with the

intended use.

Upper explosion limit: As a result of our experience with this

product and our knowledge of its

Information applies to the solvent.

composition we do not expect any hazard

as long as the product is used

appropriately and in accordance with the

intended use.

Autoignition: approx. 220 -

250 °C

Vapour pressure: approx. 6205 - (20 °C)

6895 hPa

Density: approx. 0.78 (20 °C)

g/cm3

Vapour density: not applicable

Partitioning coefficient noctanol/water (log Pow):

The statements are based on the properties of the individual components.

PT® 221L

Revision date: 2015/03/23 Page: 8/14 Version: 5.0 (59011783/SDS CPA US/EN)

Information on: lambda-cyhalothrin

Partitioning coefficient n- 7 (20 °C)

octanol/water (log Pow):

Thermal decomposition: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, halogenated hydrocarbons,

Hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen dioxide, nitrogen

oxide

Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released. To

avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.

Viscosity, dynamic: approx. 1 mPa.s (25 °C)
Solubility in water: dispersible
Evaporation rate: not applicable

Other Information: If necessary, information on other physical and chemical

parameters is indicated in this section.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Corrosion to metals:

Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

Oxidizing properties:

Based on its structural properties the product is not classified as oxidizing.

Chemical stability

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product is chemically stable.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid prolonged storage. Avoid electro-static discharge. Avoid contamination. Avoid prolonged exposure to extreme heat. Avoid extreme temperatures.

Incompatible materials

strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products:

No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated., Prolonged thermal loading can result in products of degradation being given off.

Thermal decomposition:

Possible thermal decomposition products:

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, halogenated hydrocarbons, Hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen dioxide, nitrogen oxide

Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released. To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.

PT® 221L

Revision date: 2015/03/23 Page: 9/14 Version: 5.0 (59011783/SDS CPA US/EN)

11. Toxicological information

Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

Acute Toxicity/Effects

Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: Relatively nontoxic after single ingestion. Relatively nontoxic after short-term skin contact. Relatively nontoxic after short-term inhalation.

Oral

Type of value: LD50 Species: rat

Value: > 2,000 mg/kg

Inhalation

Type of value: LC50 Species: rat Value: > 2.40 mg/l

Dermal

Type of value: LD50 Species: rabbit Value: > 5,000 mg/kg No mortality was observed.

Irritation / corrosion

Assessment of irritating effects: Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. May cause slight irritation to the skin.

<u>Skin</u>

Species: rabbit

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Eye

Species: rabbit

Sensitization

Assessment of sensitization: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

Species: guinea pig

Result: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Genetic toxicity

Assessment of mutagenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

PT® 221L

Revision date: 2015/03/23 Page: 10/14 Version: 5.0 (59011783/SDS_CPA_US/EN)

Information on: lambda-cyhalothrin

Assessment of mutagenicity: No mutagenic effects reported.

Information on: 2-Propanol

Assessment of mutagenicity: The substance was not mutagenic in bacteria. The substance was not mutagenic in mammalian cell culture. The substance was not mutagenic in a test with mammals.

Information on: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Assessment of mutagenicity: The substance was not mutagenic in bacteria. The substance was not genotoxic in mammalian cell culture. The substance was not mutagenic in mammalian cell culture. The substance was not genotoxic in a test with mammals. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. The results of various animal studies gave no indication of a carcinogenic effect.

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Teratogenicity

Assessment of teratogenicity: The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. Animal studies gave no indication of a developmental toxic effect at doses that were not toxic to the parental animals.

Other Information

Misuse can be harmful to health. Has a degreasing effect on skin.

Symptoms of Exposure

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11., Further important symptoms and effects are so far not known.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

Information on: lambda-cyhalothrin

LC50 (96 h) 0.00024 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (OECD Guideline 203, Flow through.)

Information on: 2-Propanol

LC50 (96 h) 9,640 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (EPA 72-1, Flow through.)

The statement of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration. Literature data.

Information on: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

LL50 (96 h) 2 - 5 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (OECD Guideline 203, semistatic)

The product has low solubility in the test medium. A saturated solution has been tested. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition. Nominal values (confirmed by concentration control analytics)

PT® 221L

Revision date: 2015/03/23 Page: 11/14 Version: 5.0 (59011783/SDS_CPA_US/EN)

Aquatic invertebrates

Information on: lambda-cyhalothrin

EC50 (48 h) 0.00036 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1, static)

EC50 (96 h) 0,0000248 mg/l, Asellus sp.

Information on: 2-Propanol

LC50 (24 h) > 10,000 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1, static)

The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration.

Information on: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

EL50 (48 h) 1.4 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1, static)

The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The product has low solubility in the test medium. A saturated solution has been tested. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Aquatic plants

Information on: lambda-cyhalothrin

EC50 (96 h) > 0.3 mg/l (growth rate), Selenastrum capricornutum

Information on: 2-Propanol

Toxic limit concentration (7 d) 1,800 mg/l, Scenedesmus quadricauda (other, static)

Literature data.

Information on: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

EL50 (72 h) 1 - 3 mg/l (growth rate), Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (OECD Guideline 201, static) The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The product has low solubility in the test medium. A saturated solution has been tested. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition. No observed effect concentration (72 h) 1 mg/l (growth rate), Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (OECD Guideline 201, static)

The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The product has low solubility in the test medium. A saturated solution has been tested. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Chronic toxicity to fish

Information on: lambda-cyhalothrin

No observed effect concentration (300 d) 0.000031 mg/l, Pimephales promelas

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Information on: lambda-cyhalothrin

No observed effect concentration (28 d) 0,00000022 mg/l, Mysidopsis bahia

Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O)

Information on: lambda-cyhalothrin

PT® 221L

Revision date: 2015/03/23 Page: 12/14 Version: 5.0 (59011783/SDS_CPA_US/EN)

Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria).

Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment bioaccumulation potential

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Bioaccumulation potential

Information on: lambda-cyhalothrin

Because of the n-octanol/water distribution coefficient (log Pow) accumulation in organisms is possible.

Mobility in soil

Assessment transport between environmental compartments

The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

Information on: lambda-cyhalothrin

Following exposure to soil, adsorption to solid soil particles is probable, therefore contamination of groundwater is not expected.

Additional information

Other ecotoxicological advice:

Do not discharge product into the environment without control.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:

Pesticide wastes are regulated. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mix or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If pesticide wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container disposal:

Do not cut, puncture, crush, or incinerate empty aerosol containers. Consult state or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures such as container recycling. Empty aerosol cans may meet the definition of RCRA D003. Consult local and/or regional EPA for further guidance.

14. Transport Information

Land transport

USDOT

Hazard class: 2.1
ID number: UN 1950
Hazard label: 2.1

Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS

PT® 221L

Revision date: 2015/03/23 Page: 13/14 Version: 5.0 (59011783/SDS_CPA_US/EN)

Sea transport

IMDG

Hazard class: 2.1
ID number: UN 1950
Hazard label: 2.1
Marine pollutant: NO

Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS

Air transport

IATA/ICAO

Hazard class: 2.1
ID number: UN 1950
Hazard label: 2.1

Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

Further information

DOT: This product may be classified as ORM-D (Consumer Commodity) or Limited Quantity. After 12/31/2020, ORM-D will not apply.

15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations

Registration status:

Chemical TSCA, US blocked / not listed Crop Protection TSCA, US released / exempt

EPCRA 311/312 (Hazard categories): Acute; Fire; Sudden release of pressure

CERCLA RQ
100 LBSCAS Number
67-63-0Chemical name
2-Propanol

State regulations

State RTK	CAS Number	Chemical name
NJ	91465-08-6	Lambda-Cyhalothrin
MA, NJ, PA	64742-47-8	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light
MA, NJ, PA	67-63-0	2-Propanol
MA, NJ, PA	124-38-9	carbon dioxide

CA Prop. 65:

WARNING: THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A CHEMICAL(S) KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS OR OTHER REPRODUCTIVE HARM.

NFPA Hazard codes:

Health: 2 Fire: 4 Reactivity: 1 Special:

Labeling requirements under FIFRA

Safety Data Sheet PT® 221L

Revision date: 2015/03/23 Page: 14/14 Version: 5.0 (59011783/SDS_CPA_US/EN)

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label.

CAUTION:

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS.

HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.

May cause moderate but temporary irritation to the eyes.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Flammable Liquid

Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure.

16. Other Information

SDS Prepared by:

BASF NA Product Regulations SDS Prepared on: 2015/03/23

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.

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